WAR OF THE ADMINISTRATION AGAINST THE LABORING AND POOR MAN.

Some Van Buren papers, finding that the stand which Mr. Buchannan and other Administration Senators have taken in favor of a system, which they admit is calculated to reduce the price of the poor man's wages, have attempted to parry the influence of such an admission. The former, by denying that it ever was made; and the latter, by declaring its inability to find it in the speeches of those gentlemen. The Democrat even challenges us to publish that part of Mr. Buchannan's speech in which the admission is made. The challenge was indiscreetly made, but shall be promptly met; and met too, not by an extract from the original speech, in which the obnoxious doctrine was boldly avowed, and which we believe has been suppressed, for we have never been able to get a glance at a copy of that speech; but, by an extract from the subsequent speech of Mr. Buchannan, the manifest object of which was to retreat from the strong ground originally but no doubt honestly taken.

The Hon. Senator, in his speech of the 22d January, says:—

"*On Friday last*, when I very unexpectedly addressed the Senate, I stated a principle of political economy which I shall now read from the book: It is this: "That if you double the amount of the necessary circulating medium in any country, you thereby double the nominal price of every article. If, when the circulating medium is fifty millions, an article should cost one dollar, it would cost two if, without any increase of the uses of a circulating medium, the quantity should be increased to one hundred millions." The same effect would be produced whether the circulating medium were specie, or convertible bank paper mingled with specie. It is the increased quantity of the medium, not its character, which produces this effect. Of course I leave out of view irredeemable bank paper."

Mr. Buchannan here lays down the principles, that, in proportion as a country, with a given circulating medium, either enlarges or decreases that medium unnecessarily, the nominal price of every article must rise or fall; that is, for example—if an American laborer get one dollar per day, when the circulating medium of the country is two hundred millions; that same laborer will get one dollar and fifty cents if the circulation be unnecessarily run up three hundred millions; and, on the contrary, but fifty cents if the circulation be reduced to one hundred millions—the very object that it is contended the sub-treasury bill will accomplish, by confining the industry and enterprise of the country to the hard money system.

But it may be said Mr. Buchannan lays down this doctrine as the doctrine of "the book"—that he don't adopt it. Not so. He does adopt it. He makes it his own, for he says:—

"The principle which I have stated is sufficiently near the truth to answer my present purpose. From this principle I drew an inference that the amount of our circulating medium, consisting, in a great degree, of the notes thrown out upon the community by eight hundred banks, was injurious to our domestic manufactures. In other words, that extravagant banking and domestic manufactures are directly hostile to each other."

So much, then for Mr. Buchannan's doctrine, now for its application:—

"The United States carry on a trade with Germany and France; the former a hard-money country, and the latter approaching it so nearly as to have no bank notes in circulation under the denomination of five hundred francs, or nearly one-hundred dollars. On the contrary, the United States is emphatically a paper money country, having eight hundred banks of issue—all of them emitting notes of a denomination as low as five dollars, and most of them one, two, and three dollar notes. For every dollar of gold and silver in the vaults of these banks, they issue three; four, five, and some of them as high as ten, and even fifteen, dollars of specie. *This produces a vast but ever changing expansion of the currency; and a consequent increase of the prices of all articles, the value of which is not regulated by the foreign demand, above the prices of similar articles in Germany and France.* At particular stages of our expansions, we might with justice apply the principle which I have stated in our trade with these countries, and assert that, *from the great redundancy of our currency, articles are manufactured in France and Germany for one half of their actual cost in this country.* Let me present an example. *In Germany, where the currency is purely metalic, and the cost of every thing is reduced to a hard money standard, a piece of broadcloth can be manufactured for fifty dollars—the manufacture of which, in our country, from the expansion of our paper currency, would cost one hundred dollars.* The foreign French or German manufacturers imports this cloth into our country, and sells it for a hundred dollars. Does not every person perceive that the redundancy of our currency is equal to a premium of one hundred per cent. in favor of the foreign manufacturies!"

The whole object of Mr. Buchanan here seemes to be to prove that the facilities which our banks afford to business men, enable them to give higher wages, than are given in other, and entirely "hard money countries," to their laboring men—and that if the "hard-money" system were introduced in this country, wages might be so much reduced, as to enable us to compete, in the market of the world, with the manufacturers of Germany and other "hard money" governments. This is Mr. Buchanan's argument, there is no denying it. This is the result at which his argument arrives, or it has no rational result.

But, he exclaims in apparent triumph, "Does not every person perceive that the redundancy of our currency is equal to a premium of one hundred per cent. in favor of the foreign manufacturers." It may be so. We are not prepared to say that it is not so. But if it even be so, we by no means object to it. For, whilst it amounts to a premium of one hundred per cent. to the foreign manufacturer, it necessarily follows that, in effect, it also amounts to a premium of one hundred per cent. in favor of the AMERICAN LABORER! And, as we go for the encouragement of American industry in preference to foreign capital and capitalists, we go against the Sub-Treasury, the "hard-money" bill, the effect of which, it is thus contended, will be, to bring down the labor of the free white men of the U. States to a level with that of France, Germany and other "hard-money" countries.

Mr. Buchannan does not only admit that the tendency of the sub-treasury, will be to reduce the price of wages; but he attempts to convince the country, that, even the laboring man himself will be benefitted by having his wages reduced—"so far from injuring it will greatly benefit the laboring man!" Hear him:—

"If, therefore, you should, in some degree, reduce the nominal price paid for labor, by reducing the amount of your bank issues within reasonable and safe limits, and establishing a metalic basis for your paper circulation, would this injure the laborer! Certainly not; because the price of all the necessaries and comforts of life are reduced in the same proportion, and he will be able to purchase more of them for one dollar in a sound state of the currency, than he could have done in the days of extravagant expansion for a dollar and a quarter.—So far from injuring, it will greatly benefit the laboring man. It will insure to him constant employment and regular prices, paid in a sound currency, which, of all things, he ought most to desire; and it will save him from being involved in ruin by recurrence of those periodical expansions and contractions of the currency which have hitherto convulsed the country."

The question may be here asked, what are the rates of wages in the "hard money" countries for which our administration seems to have contracted such a sudden and mysterious love! We will answer this question, at least in relation to some of those countries; and we ask our readers—we ask every candid and poor man in the country, to ponder well upon the purport of this answer.

WAGES IN FRANCE.—Calais common laborers 7½d. per day with board and without dwelling; Bologne, 5d per day do., Nantz, 8d per day without board and without dwelling; Marsailles, 4d to 7d per day with board and without dwelling. The food in some districts "consists in rye bread, soup mode of millet, cakes made of Indian corn, now and then some salt provisions and vegetables, rarely, if ever butcher's meat." In others, "wheaten bread, soup made with vegetables, and a little grease or lard twice a day, potatoes or other vegetables, but seldom butcher's meat."

SWEDEN.—"The daily wages of a skilled agriculturalist are 7d or 8d; while the unskilled obtain no more than 3d or 4d and board themselves. Agriculturalists in the Southern provinces live upon salt fish and potatoes; in the Northern provinces porridge and rye bread form their food."

BAVARIA.—Laborers are paid at the rate of 8d per day in country without board.

BELGIUM.—"A skilled artisan may earn in summer 1s 5d; in winter from 10d to 1s 2d; unskilled half as much without board, live upon rye bread, potatoes and milk." Agricultural laborers have less.

GERMANY.—Dantzig laborers 5½d to 7d per day without board; Muhlenburg 7d per day do. Holstein, 7d per day without board.

NETHERLANDS.—South Holland laborers 3d to 4d per day with board; North Holland, 20, per day without board; Antwerp, 5d per day do; West Flanders, 90s to 104s per year with board.

ITALY.—Trieste laborers 12d per day without board: 6d per day with board; Istria, 8d to 10d per day without board; do. 4d to 5d per day with board; Lombardy, 4d to 8d per day do. and without lodgings; Tuscany, 6d per day without either.

SAXONY.—"In 1837 a man employed in his own loom working very diligently from Monday morning to Saturday night, from 5 o'clock in the morning until dusk, and even at times with a lamp, his wife assisting him in finishing and taking him the work, could not possibly earn more than 20 groschen (about 50 cents) per week. Nor could one who had three children aged 12 years and upwards, all working at the loom as well as himself with his wife employed doing up the work, earn in the whole more than $1 weekly."

☞ We are authorised to announce Dr. M. L. KNAPP as a candidate to represent the Counties of Logan and Christian in the next Legislature.

MARRIED.—On the 5th inst. by Rev. F. Springer, Mr. Burton Judson to Miss Margaret Shanks, late of Hagerstown, Md.

☞ There will be preaching Sabbath 22d inst. at half past 10 o'clock A. M. in the new house recently erected N. E. of the 1st Presbyterian Church.—by Rev. F. Springer, of the Evangelical Lutheran church.

☞ The Presbytery of Sangamon stands adjourned to meet at Sugar Creek Church, on the First Friday of April next, at 7 o'clock p. m. JOHN G. BERGEN, S. C.
Springfield, March 19, '40.

HARRISON MEETING.

The friends of Gen. Harrison, and all others in Macoupin County, are invited to attend a meeting to be held at Carlinville, on the first Monday of next month (6th.) to respond to the nominations of the Harrisburg Convention and to adopt all honorable means to secure their election.
March 16 '40. MANY VOTERS.

TREMONT ACADEMY.

THE Spring Term of this Institution will commence under the superintendence of Mr. JAMES K. KELLOGG, on Wednesday the first day of April next.

The School will comprise a male and female department, in which will be taught all branches necessary to a thorough English, Mathematical and Classical Education. The female department will be conducted by a Lady competent and experienced, and every effort will be made to render this institution both profitable and agreeable to those who patronize it.

Tremont is situated ten miles east of Pekin, on the state road leading from Springfield to Peoria: and is the county seat of Tazewell county. The town is located upon a commanding eminence in a beautiful prairie, and in beauty of scenery, and salubrity of climate, is unsurpassed by any in the State.

Tuition for a term of 12 weeks, from three to six dollars.

The first vacation will commence on Wednesday, 16th September, and continue three weeks.

Pupils of any age will be received into the family of the Principal on the following terms. For board and tuition, washing, mending and supervision, $95 00 per annum. Each pupil furnishes his own bed and bedding.

The Board of Trustees take great pleasure in assuring the public that they have full confidence in the literary qualifications of Mr. KELLOGG, as a teacher of youth. His long experience as an Instructor in Academies of high reputation in New England, and the solid reputation he has acquired in this country, are sufficient evidence of his ability to discharge the duties in which he is engaged. Those who may desire to patronize this school have, in the character of this gentleman, sure guarantee that the morals of their children will receive such culture, and improvement as will fit them for the occupations and duties of mature years.

G. F. SALTONSTALL.
JOHN H. HARRIS.
JOSEPH L. SHAW.

The thorough bred Race Horse,

SIR HENRY, Jr.

SIR HENRY, Jr. was sired by Old Sir Henry, his dam by the celebrated American Eclipse; the two that were selected to run for the enormous sum of $20,000, a side on Long Island, and made their four miles in the unequalled time of 7 min. 37 sec. the quickest that was ever known.

This fine horse will make his stand this season on Thursdays, Fridays and Saturdays in the city of Springfield, and the remainder of the week at my farm in Sangamon county, seven miles east of Springfield, on the road leading to Decatur, two and a half miles from Dingman's Ferry. For particulars see bills.

VALENTINE R. MALLORY.
March 20, 1840. 428

Rochester Coffee House.

THE subscriber has opened a Coffee House and Grocery Store adjoining Mr. Stafford's Tavern, where he will able to accommodate the inhabitants and travellers with good wine and liquors, and other refreshments usual in a Grocery. [march 16.] JOHN HANCOCK.

Administrators' Sale.

NOTICE is hereby given, that on Friday the 15th day of May next, on the premises of Green Casey deceased, at the Irish Grove, in Menard county, late Sangamon county, in pursuance of an order of Sangamon Circuit Court, we shall, between the hours of 10 o'clock in the forenoon, and 5 o'clock in the afternoon of the same day, sell at public vendue, the remaining part of the real estate of the said Green Casey, deceased, to pay the debts of his estate; said real estate being of the following description, to wit: the west half of the south east quarter of section twenty-four, containing eighty acres, in township nineteen north of range five west of the third principal meridian. Also the east half of the south east quarter of section thirty, containing eighty acres, in township nineteen, north of range four west of the third principal meridian.

Said sale to be on a credit of six and nine months; a bond and security and mortgage taken on the premises to secure the purchase money.

J. W. PATTERSON, Ad'mr.
J. A. CASEY, and } Ad'trix.
March 14, 1840. JANE CASEY,

Public Notice.

IS hereby given, that the undersigned Commissioner, in pursuance of a decree of the Sangamon Circuit Court, made at the March term thereof, for the year 1840, in a cause in Chancery therein pending, in which Benoni Bennett was complainant, and Alonzo Brodwell and the heirs of Bushnell B. Moore, deceased, were defendants, will, on Monday the 20th day of April next, at 12 o'clock M. of that day at the court house door in the town of Springfield, sell at public auction to the highest bidder for cash [without redemption] the following described real estate, to wit: the north half of the east half of the south east quarter of section number twenty-three, in township number sixteen, north of range number seven west of the third principal meridian, situated in Sangamon county, state of Illinois, and containing forty acres.

WM. LAVELY, Com'r.
Springfield, March 16, 1840.

Wool Carding, at Sangamo-Town.

THE subscribers having purchased the Wool Carding Machine of Rawley Morgan, are now prepared to do work in the best manner and on short notice.

CARMAN, RUCKEL & CO.
March 16, 1840. 438

Horse Fairrery.

THE subscriber wishes to inform the public that he has prepared himself with a supply of medicines and other means necessary for the treatment of the diseases of Horses. He will observe that he was educated by his father, a celebrated Veterinary Surgeon in England, and hopes from the practical experience that he has had in that business, he may give satisfaction to those who may see cause to employ him. He will use no quackery, but will operate on scientific principles; he hopes persons having diseased horses will give him a trial.—Terms moderate—residence on the Beardstown road 9½ miles west of Springfield, near Foster's Tavern.

JOHN MURDOCK.
Richland, Sangamon Co. Ills. March 16, '40.

An Ordinance to divide the town of Springfield into four Wards.

BE *it Ordained by the President and Board of Trustees of the town of Springfield*, That, in pursuance of a provision of an act of the Legislature, approved February 3, 1840, incorporating the city of Springfield, the said city or town shall be divided into four Wards, as follows, namely:—By running a line nearly north and south through the middle of Fifth Street, until the continuation of said line shall strike the out boundaries of the said town of Springfield: again commencing and running from the middle of Fifth Street nearly West, through the middle of Jefferson Street, until it strikes the outboundary line of the town; and a line running through the middle of Fifth Street, nearly east, through the middle of Adams Street, to the out boundary line.

Sec. 2. The North-East Division, shall be called the First Ward; the North-West Division, the Second Ward; the South-West Division, the Third Ward; and the South-East Division, the Fourth Ward.

Sec. 3. The polls for all elections in said Wards shall be opened at 8 o'clock A. M. on the day fixed by law for the elections, and shall be closed at 12 o'clock M. The poll books shall be returned the same day before 6 o'clk. P. M. to the Secretary of the Board of Trustees, who shall, with the President or two Trustees of said Board, canvass the votes, and declare the results of the elections, and cause a record to be made of the same.

Sec. 4. This ordinance shall be of non effect unless the citizens of the town shall accept the city charter.

Passed by the Board of Trustees, March 16, 1840.
P. C. CANEDY, President.
SIMEON FRANCIS, Clerk.

Notice is hereby given,

THAT in pursuance of law an election will be held in the City of Springfield, on the third Monday of April next, for the election of one Mayor of the City, and one Alderman from each Ward.

The election in the First Ward shall be held at the house of W. W. Watson.

The election in the Second Ward shall be held at the house of Michael Glynn.

The election in the Third Ward shall be held at the Court Room.

The election in the Fourth Ward shall be held at the American House.

Should the city charter not be accepted by the citizens, the above notice will be null and void.

The polls for said elections will be opened at 8 A. M. and closed at 12 M.

Springfield, March 18, 1840.
P. C. CANEDY,
J. WHITNEY,
J. KLEINE,
P. C. LATHAM,
A. LINCOLN,
SIMEON FRANCIS, Clerk. Trustees.

Notice is hereby given,

THAT, in pursuance of law, an election will be held at the Court Room, in the town of Springfield, on the first Monday of April next for the election of five Trustees for said town.

Also, that in pursuance of a law of this State, approved February 3d, 1840, incorporating the city of Springfield, the votes of the citizens of Springfield, will be received on the same day at the same place, as aforesaid, for the adoption or rejection of the aforesaid city charter or law incorporating the town of Springfield.

The polls for said elections shall be opened at 8 A. M. and closed at 2 P. M.

Springfield, March 18, 1840.
P. C. CANEDY,
J. WHITNEY,
J. KLEINE,
A. LINCOLN,
P. C. LATHAM,
SIMEON FRANCIS, Clerk. Trustees.

FOR RENT.

A COMMODIOUS dwelling House, situated on second street opposite Mr. Van Bergen's residence, together with a large garden, yard, stable lot, and good stable, excellent well of water, &c. For further particulars apply at the Internal Improvement office.
March 11, 1840.

NOTICE.

NOTICE is hereby given, that in pursuance of an order of the Sangamon Circuit Court, made at the March term thereof, A. D. 1840, we shall proceed on Saturday, the 25th day of April next, to sell at the court house in Springfield, Illinois, the following described real estate to wit:—Lot 1 and 40 feet Lot 2, in Block 1, in Enos' addition to Springfield—Lots 4, 5 and 6, in Block 45 in Petersburg. Part S. E. fractional quarter section 21, town 16, range 4 west, containing 26 acres more or less. Said sale to be on a credit of 6 and 12 months, and bond or bonds and security, and a mortgage taken on the premises to secure the purchase money.

GERSHAM KEYS,
N. W. MATHENY,
March 11, 1840. adm'rs of C. R. Matheny, dec'd.

NOTICE,

THE personal estate of William S. Matthews, dec'd, having proved deficient for the payment of debts, I shall therefore by virtue of an order of Sangamon Circuit Court, obtained at the March term thereof, for 1840, expose to sale at public auction, the right and title of the said William S. Matthews, dec'd, in and to the west half of the north east quarter of section nine, township fourteen north range three west of the third principal meridian, in the state of Illinois. Sale to be at the court house in Springfield, in and for Sangamon county, on the 27th day of April, 1840, between the hours of 10 o'clock A. M. and 5 o'clock P. M. of said day.

JOSEPH MATTHEWS, Ad'mr of
March 10, 1840. W. S. Matthews, dec'd.

The Celebrated imported Horse

ONUS.

RECENTLY purchased in England, by Chas. Oakley, will stand the ensuing season in Tremont, Tazewell county, Illinois. Onus will be six years old next May, is a beautiful dark brown, with black mane and tail, full six teen hands high, and of the most perfect form and action, combined with a high lofty carriage. He was sired by the celebrated horse Camel, (one of the most fashionable English stallions) out of the Etch ng mare, by Rubens, thus combinbining the best blood in England.—He was raised by one of the best breeders in that country, and is of the purest and best blood, as can be seen by referring to the English stud book, vol. 5. In the year 1837, when he was three years old, he was put in training at New Market, for the Derby stakes (by Capt. Gardnor, of the royal army.) had made better time in training than the winning horse, but owing to an injury received in practice, he was withdrawn from that race and the turf. For further particulars of pedigree, &c., see printed bills.

March 6, 1840.—37-2m.

LAST NOTICE.

THE debts owing to the firm of P. A. Saunders & Co. must be paid or settled by note on or before the 1st day of April next. If this notice is not attended to, I must put the accounts in the hands of an officer for collection.
March 9, 1840. P. A. SAUNDERS.

DISSOLUTION OF PARTNERSHIP.

THE firm of Scovil & Willey is this day dissolved by mutual consent. The business will be settled by Poloski Scovil. POLOSKI SCOVIL,
BUSHNELL WILLEY.
Havanna, February 20, 1840 37-4

ESTATE OF CHARLES McCORD, DECE'SED—Public notice is hereby given, that on the first Monday of May next, I shall attend before the probate justice of the peace of DeWitt county, at his office in Clinton, at 9 o'clock A. M. for the purpose of settling and adjusting all claims against the estate of Charles McCord, late of said county, deceased; when and where all claimants are required to present their demands for adjustment. All persons indebted to said estate are also notified to make payment to the undersigned without delay.

Dated this 2d day of March, 1840.
37 WILLIAM Y. McCORD, adm'r.

ESTATE OF WILLIAM DYE, DECEASED—Public notice is hereby given, that on the first Monday of May next, we shall attend before the probate justice of the peace of DeWitt county, at his office in Clinton, at 9 o'clock A. M. for the purpose of settling and adjusting all claims against the estate of Wm. Dye, late of said county, deceased; when and where all claimants are required to present their demands for adjustment. All persons indebted to said estate are also notified to make payment to the undersigned without delay.

Dated this 3d day of March, 1840.
B. S. ORENDOFF, }
36 NANCY DYE, } adm'rs

ESTATE OF SAMUEL STEWART, DECEASED—Public notice is hereby given, that on the first Monday of April next, I shall attend before the probate justice of the peace of DeWitt county, at his office in Clinton, at 9 o'clock A. M. for the purpose of settling and adjusting all claims against the estate of Samuel Stewart, late of said county, deceased, when and where all claimants are required to present their demands for adjustment. All persons indebted to said estate are also notified to make payment to the undersigned without delay.

Dated this 29th day of February, 1840.
37 WILLIAM STEWART, adm'r.

NEW BOOKS.

THE Man about town; Charles Vincent;
Fair Rosamond; Thugs of India; Neale Malone
City of the Czar; Sterling and Penrudick;
The yellow Plush Correspondence;
Colderon the Courtier; Irving's Indian sketches;
Alice or the Mysteries; Renwick on steam engine;
Bulthune's fruit of the spirit; Murray's travels;
Andrew's lessons on flower painting;
Schoolcraft's Algic Researches;
Teacher's guide for mother's;
Newton's pleasures of personal religion;
The young merchant; Butler's Hudibras;
Transplanted Flower's; Foster's decision of character;
American Almanack for 1840;
Biography of the signers of Dec. of Independence;
sale at the Springfield Book Store.

BIRCHALL & CO.
Springfield January 15, 1840.

BEAVER and Pilot Cloths, just received by the subscriber at his store opposite the American house. Nov. 6, 1839. J. L. LAMB.

360 CALF Skins for sale at the sign of the Mammoth Boot. THOMAS LEWIS.
Aug. 7 '30. 406-tf

SADDLES.—James Lyman & Co. have just rec'd per steamer Naomi, their fall supply of saddles, bridles, bridle fillings, circingles, girths, halters, saddle-bags and carpet bags, which will be sold at retail or wholesale, at prices correspondent with the present times at No 19, main street sign of the white horse
St. Louis, Nov. 12, 1839.

ELIPTIC SPRINGS—Sulkey springs, coach and dearborn axles, just rec'd per steamer Naomi, and for sale at No. 19, main street, sign of the white horse.
St. Louis, Nov. 12, '39. JAMES LYMAN & CO.

BOOTS and Shoes—a large stock of first quality—also, Ladies and Gents. over shoes and socks.
Nov. 5, 1839. JAS. L. LAMB.

W. W. WATSON,
Confectioner, on the corner of main street north of Hoffman's row. jan 4 839

SALE OF SCHOOL LANDS.

NOTICE is hereby given that I will expose at public sale, at the Court House door in Decatur, at the hour of 11 o'clock A. M. on the 25th day of April next, section 16, in township 18, N. R. 5 East. A portion of the above section is good timber, the balance first rate prairie. A credit of one, two and three years will be given, the purchaser giving his note with security and a mortgage on the land purchased.

H. M. GORIN, school com'r and agent, &c.
Decatur, Ill., March 6, 1840.

NOTICE EXTRA.

THE Jewelry and Watch Makers Establishment of C. B. DERIEMER & CO. is re-established at their old stand, on the west side of the public square (next door north o P. C. Canedy's) now distinguished by the new stone front, and large window, and sign of the Watch and Spectacles, where the public can again be accommodated with all articles usually kept by them, and also all kinds of JOB WORK done in the neatest and best manner.

CLOCKS and WATCHES carefully repaired at short notice and wasranted.

Engraving and Seal cutting neatly executed

SILVER WARE of all kinds constantly on hand and made to order. Springfield, Oct. 15, 1839.416-v

Confectionary, Pastry, &c.

JOHN DELAINY informs the citizens of Springfield and its vicinity, that he has opened a Confectionary shop on Main Street, next door to S. M. Tinsley's store, where he will keep constantly on hand an assortment of all kinds of Confectionary and Pastry.

N.B. Refreshments to be had at all hours, and parties furnished with cake and other refreshments.
June 5, 1839. 97tf

ALTON MARINE AND FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY—Capital 10,000 dollars. Notice is hereby given that the capital stock of the *Alton Marine and Fire Insurance Company* having been paid in and secured according to the provisions of the charter, the company are now prepared to insure every description of insurable property, against losses by fire, and against the risks of navigation, on as liberal terms as any office in the western country.

N. B. All claims for losse will be liberally adjusted and promptly paid. J. W. Reel, Esq. Agent St. Louis, Mo.

OFFICERS.

B. I. GILMAN, President.
Simeon Ryder, A. Alexander, Stephen Griggs, C. Stone, J. M. Kum, Calvin Riley, A. Corey and J. A. Townsend Directors. E. MARSH, Secretary.
Office north side second stree, Alton. Nov 1839

SANGAMON

Boot and Shoe Manufactory.

THE subscribers would respectfully announce to the citizens of Springfield, and the public generally, that they are constantly manufacturing (at their old stand No. 3, Hoffman's row,) gentlemen, ladies, misses and childrens boots and shoes, and slippers of every variety and style called for in their line. They flatter themselves that from their practical acquaintance with the business, they will be able to give satisfaction to all who may favor them with a call.

N. B. The subscribers would also add, that they have engaged the best workmen from the cities of New York, Newark and Cincinnati, and that they will manufacture the above articles to order at the shortest notice and warranted equal to any in the United States.

June 14, '39. JOSEPH TORRY & CO.

Stammering.

THOMAS LEWIS, of New Jersey, having acquired the art and procured the right to practice in the following States, to wit; Illinois, Missouri, Indiana and Ohio, of *C. H. Chapman*, of New York, the original discoverer of a cure for *Stammering* and other impediment of speech, is at all times prepared to cure that afflicting malady, and guarantees a perfect cure of the most inveterate stammering. *No cure. No pay.*

The most sceptical are invited to call and be convinced there is a perfect cure for that troublesome malady. Terms moderate.

T. L. being permanently located in Springfield, Illinois all communications addressed to him [post paid] will meet with prompt attention. A class of eight or more persons will be attended in either of the above States if desired.

This is to certify that I have instructed THOMAS LEWIS in the art and mystery of curing Stammering, and have authorised him to practice in the States of Illinois, Missouri, Indiana and Ohio, and in recommending him to the public I have only to add that he is truly qualified to cure the most obstinate cases. C. H. CHAPMAN.
Springfield, Aug. 24, 1839.

REFERENCES.

The public are respectfully referred to the following gentlemen who have been recently cured:
Mr. Nelson Davis, Spring Creek; Mr. Hugh McCoy, Spring Creek; Mr. James Primm, Postville; Mr. C. F. Spottswood, Springfield; Mr. George Walker, Lick Creek; Mr. Washington Patterson, Mount Pulaski.
Springfield, August 28, 1839 409-tf

CABINET FURNITURE.

THE subscriber has on hand and continues to manufacture Cabinet Ware of every description, of the latest Eastern patterns and superior finish, such as

Mahogany Sofas,	Mahogany Pier Tables,
do Sideboards	do Centre tables,
do Secretaries	do Card tables,
do Book cases,	do Breakfast tables,
do Dressing bureaus,	do Breakfast tables,

Also, a supply of cherry and walnut furniture, of every description constantly on hand.

Having employed an experienced Turner they are prepared to furnish *Bedsteads* of every quality and price. Also, Bed Posts, table legs, etc. All of which will be sold at moderate prices, for cash, lumber, or on short credit to punctual customers.

All orders for furniture promptly attended to.
Shop a few doors south of the public square.
J. A. HOUGH.
Springfield, July, 10, '39. do2-y

House and Sign Painting,

Graining, Glazing and Paper Hanging.

JOHN CUNNINGHAM respectfully informs the citizens of Springfield, that he has taken the shop, formerly occupied by Johns & Willard, where he will do work cheaper and neater than has been done heretofore. Those who wish to have work done in either of the above branches will do well to call.

N. B. He hopes for a liberal patronage.
June 5, 1839. 97tf

MILLET SEED.

A FEW bushels of Millet Seed for sale by the subscriber, at his farm on Spring Creek, near the Jacksonville road, six miles from Springfield.
March 5, 1840. JOHNSON BALDWIN.

February 27, 1840.

STATE SCRIP.

CHARLES S. RODGERS, at 118 main street, St. Louis, is now receiving a rich assortment of DRY GOODS, which he will sell for Illinois State Scrip as low as for cash.

His stock is well selected and will be offered cheap for cash, scrip or good notes. 366;

Proclamation.

200 DOLLARS REWARD.

State of Illinois,
Executive Department,

WHEREAS it has been made known to me that PRICE B. HUME stands charged with the murder of one Thomas Kelsey, committed in the county of Brown, and State of Illinois, on the 31 day of January, 1840; and whereas it is further represented to me, that the said HUME has fled from the justice of said County of Brown and State aforesaid:

Now, therefore, I, THOMAS CARLIN, Governor of the State of Illinois, by virtue of the authority in me vested by the Constitution of the said State, do offer a reward of two hundred dollars to any person or persons who will apprehend the said Hume and deliver him to the proper officer of the said county of Brown in the State aforesaid, so that he may be tried for said offence, before the Circuit Court for the said County of Brown in the State aforesaid,

In testimony whereof, I have hereunto set my hand and caused the great seal of the State to be (L.S.) hereunto affixed. Done at Springfield, this 20th day of February, A. D. 1840.

By the Governor, THOS. CARLIN.
A. P. FIELD, Secretaty of State.

Said Hume is about 60 years of age—5 feet 10 or 11 inches high—dark complexion—black hair and beard—generally walks with a cane—limps badly, having been long afflicted with a sciatic affection of his hip, which causes him to stoop considerably and walk with one hip higher than the other—has a pleasing address—knows something of law, and was originally from ——— County Kentucky.

*** Missouri Republican and Arkansas Times, Little Rock, will copy two months, and send accounts to the Secretary of State. Feb. 20, 1840.

MULE STRAYED.

THE subscriber will pay ten dollars for a black horse MULE, which strayed from his premises in Springfield, about the 20th November last. Said mule is entirely black, rides well, and works well; shod all round when he left. WM. CAMP.
Springfield, Ill. Feb. 24, 1840.

CLARKE'S
OLD ESTABLISHED TEMPLE OF
FORTUNE.

No. 127 Main Street Wheeling, Virginia.

THE patrons of Clarke will find below a synopsis of schemes for March, 1840. He would call the attention of his numerous correspondents throughout the western country to the splendid scheme to be drawn on the 27th of March, 1840.

VIRGINIA STATE LOTTERY.

Class 6, for 1840, to be drawn at Wheeling, Va. on Friday, March 13, 1840.

1	prize of	$10,000	1	prize of	$1,254
1		5,000	1		1,250
1		2,500	1		1,200
2		1,500	1		1,100

10 of 1,000! 20 of 500, &c. &c.
Tickets only $4—Shares in proportion.
A certificate of a package of whole cost $52—halves 29—quarters 13.

VIRGINIA STATE LOTTERY,

Class F, for 1840. Draws at Wheeling, Friday, March 20. 78 Numbers—14 Drawn Ballots.

1	prize of	$12,000	1	prize of	$5,000
1		10,000	1		4,000

20 prizes of 1,000—40 of 300, &c.
Tickets $5—Shares in proportion

GRAND AND BRILLIANT SCHEME.

VIRGINIA STATE LOTTERY

Class 7, 1840, to be drawn at Wheeling, Friday, March 27, 1840.

Capital price $40,000!!!

1	prize of	$40,000	1	prize of	$5,000
1		10,000	1		3,000
1		6,000	1		2,500

50 prizes each $1,000 &c. &c. &c.

Whole tickets $10—Shares in proportion, certificate of 25 whole tickets, will cost	$145
Halves	72.50
Quarters	37.25

Address your orders to
J. M. CLARKE, Wheeling,
[Agent for the Manager.

Lincoln's Speech,
and
"Tippecanoe Almanacks,"

To be disposed of, in quantities, at this Office.

United States of America,
District of Illinois, } In Chancery.
Circuit Court U. S.
William Russell, Complainant,
vs.
Charles Howard, James Strong, John Hall, Dixon Mundle, Zachariah Cornelius, Perley B. Whipple, William R. Payson, Archibald H. Allen, Paul Jones, Thomas Bowman, Robert Dunlap, Beal Howard, William B. Todd, James Hall, The President, Directors and Company of the State Bank of Illinois, and the Alton Marine and Fire Insurance Company.
} Bill to foreclose a mortage for $3567 69. Principal and interest.

IT appearing satisfactorily by affidavit filed in this cause that James Hall, John Hall and William B. Todd, three of the above named defendants, are non-residents of the State of Illinois, and the Subpœna in Chancery issued herein having been returned by the Marshall of the District of Illinois, "Non Est" as to said three non-resident defendants. Notice is therefore hereby given, to James Hall, John Hall and William B. Todd afforesaid, that a Bill in Chancery has been filed in said above entitled cause, to foreclose a mortgage executed by the aforesaid Charles Howard and wife, to the said complainant William Russell—and that unless you and each of you the said John Hall, James Hall and William B. Todd, shall be and appear at the next term of the United States Circuit Court, within and for the District of Illinois, to be holden at Springfield on the first Monday in the month of June next, and answer, plead or demur to said bill of complaint according to the rules and practice of said court; the said bill of complaint will be taken "pro confesso" as against you and a decree will be entered in accordance with the prayer of said bill of complaints and the rights of the parties thereto.

Test: JAMES F. OWINGS,
Clerk of the United States Circuit Court at Springfield in the District of Illinois
G. T. M. Davis, Solicitor for Complainant.
Springfield, March 4th, 1840.

Notice.

THOSE indebted to Drs. McNeill & Helm, will be expected to call and settle their accounts by note or otherwise by the 15th January, 1840.

Those indebted to Dr. McNeil, whose accounts are not closed by the above specified period, must not complain if their accounts are presented by an officer—longer indulgence will not be given; surely it will not be required. Dec. 24, 1839. tf

J. TORRY & CO. will keep constantly on hand (No. 3 Hoffman's Row,) a superior article of superfine and fine FLOUR, which they will sell low for cash Springfield, Nov. 14, 1839.

NEW GOODS! NEW GOODS!

THE subscribers are now receiving their supply of FALL AND WINTER GOODS—embracing a very extensive assortment, suitable for the present and approaching season, and will be sold lower than usual for cash, or to punctual men on the usual time.

RANKIN & EDWARDS.
Jan. 7 1840. 417-y

SPRINGFIELD

Flour and Provision Store,

Opposite Thos. Moffett's Law Office.

THE subscribers would respectfully inform their friends and the public, that they have opened an establishment of the above kind, and hope by a strict attention to business, and a disposition to please to merit a share of public patronage.

JNO. R. DURYEE & CO.
Springfield, Nov. 21, 1839. 421tf
N. B. Wheat Wanted.

WHIPS.—This day received per steamer Shawnee, a large ass't of stage, carriage, gig, dearborn, wagon and dray whips. Also, drovers and crop whips, with a variety of riding switches, thongs, &c.—which will be sold wholesale and retail at the sign of the white horse, No. 19, main street, St. Louis.
Nov. 12, 1839. JAMES LYMAN & CO.

SKINS WANTED.

2000 UNDRESSED Deer Skins wanted—for which we will pay the highest price.
Dec. 4. 1839. FRANCIS & SANFORD.

40 FXS. fresh Bloom Raisins, just received for sale
Dec 12. FRANCIS & SANFORD.

NEW York Castings—
150 tea kettles; 70 Pets; 40 bakeovens 60 skillets; 40 set wagon boxes.
aug 19 E. B. PEASE & BRO.

GRASS SEED.—10 bushels Herd and 10 10 do Blue Grass seed, for sale by
Jan. 14. FRANCIS & SANFORD.

A LARGE number of these Trees are for sale on the lowest terms. They will be exchanged for real estate, or sold for cash at the following prices—
For the tree 3 feet high, 50 cts.
By the bud, without the root, 2 cts.
Or for the root 10 cts. and bud 1 1-2 cts.
For further particulars enquire at this office.
Springfield, Nov 15, 1839. 421-tf

100 SACKS Ground Alum Salt just rec'd and for sale for cash by JAMES BELL & CO.
Springfield, Aug. 31, '39. A

A TWO horse carriage and Harness for sale—enquire of A. Y. ELLIS, or
Springfield Jan 22, 1840. F. VAUGHN.

ALUM SALT.

200 SACKS Ground Alum Salt, just received on consignment and for sale low for cash.
Jan 28. JAS. L. LAMB.

10 BOXES Sperm and Tallow Candles, for sale by A. Y. ELLIS & CO.

RIFLES and Shot Guns from $5 to $25, for sale by
aug.