

FOR PRESIDENT. LEWIS CASS FOR VICE PRESIDENT. WM. C. BUTLER

SENATORIAL ELECTORS. Ferris Forman, of Fayette. Cornelius Lansing, of McHenry. NANCY SUCCESSORS.

1 Wm Martin, of Madison. 2 S Snowden Hayes, of White. 3 H M Vandevor, of Christian. 4 T W Miller, of Cass. 5 Lewis W Ross, of Fulton. 6 Julius Manning, of Knox. 7 Wm I Ferguson, of Sangamon.

Commercial Record

Table with columns for various commodities like Grain & Flour, Wheat, Corn, etc. and their prices.

Table with columns for various commodities like Wheat, Flour, Oats, etc. and their prices.

CHEAP, CASH Clothing Store.

THE undersigned takes this method to inform the citizens of Lecon and Marshall county, that he has a large and splendid stock of good and fashionable...

Ready Made Clothing.

which he will sell cheaper than can be bought this side of New York. The subscriber respectfully notifies the citizens of Lecon and Marshall county, that having had 18 years practical experience in the Tailoring Business, in the cities of London and New York, he flatters himself that he can cut or make any garment belonging to the trade, in the latest and most fashionable form.

Cutting.

Particular attention will be paid to all garments cut to be made by women. My Store may be found one south of Jas H Williams's Saddlery shop, opposite the store of Wm Fisher & Co, Main street.

TO THE AFFLICTED PUBLIC.

D. R. RENTON formerly of New York and recently of Cincinnati, tenders his services to all who may be desirous to apply to him for medicinal aid in diseases, viz: Bronchitis, Laryngitis, Tracheitis, ulcerated, chronic or acute inflammation of the Throat, pulmonary diseases, &c. who all other diseases to which the human system is subject.

Remedies and mode of applying are now in the most principal botanic. These diseases having double of a Radical cure will confer a favor on him by calling at Mr. T. R. Simpson's in Lecon where he may be found at all times during the winter unless called away, where he will be pleased to furnish them with testimonials sufficient and he thinks satisfactory.

Lecon, Nov. 4, 1848. (120)

St. Louis, Nov. 1, 48. Gen. Kearney died yesterday morning. His death has thrown a gloom over his many warm and devoted friends.

Dr. Wild arrived at Independence on the 29th instant from St. Fe., making the trip in 12 days. He met Col. Washington's command one day's march from Santa Fe. The Indians are making incursions into every neighborhood. They have completely cut off the country, as the withdrawal of the United States troops gives encouragement and confidence to them.

Illinois D. Jour.

THE GAZETTE

SATURDAY, NOVEMBER 4, 1848.

FOR PRESIDENT. ZACHARY TAYLOR, of Louisiana. FOR VICE PRESIDENT. MILLARD FILLMORE, of New York.

ILLS. TAYLOR ELECTORAL TICKET. 1st Dist.—Wm. Brown of Morgan co. 2d " Benjamin Bond, Clinch. 3d " Andrew McCallen, Hardin. 4th " Usher P. Lindor, Coles. 5th " Silas Noble, Lee. 7th " S. A. Harrib, Boone. 8th " A. G. Henry, Sangamon. 9th " L. B. Knowlton, Peoria.

The great day of the nation comes off Tuesday. For the first time, since the formation of our Government, the Presidential Election will be held in all the States of the Union, on the same day. This is a glorious consummation; and all grand spectacles will be had, three millions of electors repairing to their respective polls. Henceforth the doubting attendant, to some extent, upon our presidential elections, will be known only in the history of the past.

It is now time for all the friends of the gallant Gen. Taylor, to gird on their armor, that they may be ready for the conflict. Let none remain at home. See that you have the right ticket. The history of the last four years—a desolating war, brought on by the Executive, Mr. Polk, and the consequent loss of life and a debt of two hundred millions; the repeated vote of the people, in improvement of rivers and harbors, warn you not to cast your vote, directly or indirectly, for the candidate, Gen. Cass, who has pledged himself if elected, to follow in the footsteps of his immediate predecessor. Give your suffrage to that honest, patriotic and magnanimous hero and statesman who has, by his exalted intellect and brilliant services in the field, reflected a blaze of glory on his country and encircled his brow with unfading laurels.

Stump Speaking.

On Tuesday evening, L. B. Knowlton, the Taylor Elector for this judicial circuit, delivered an able speech at the Court House, on subjects relating to the Presidential Election. Time will not permit us to give even a synopsis of his speech. It must suffice to state that he triumphantly rebuffed all those insinuations which Whigs had desecrated their cherished principles. He stated that although circumstances had prevented the adoption of some of their leading measures, yet they firmly adhered to all—to the distribution of the proceeds of the public lands—a national bank, protective tariff, improvements of rivers and harbors, restriction of slavery to its present limits, and opposition to the veto power, as exercised the last twenty years. After glancing at the political character of Mr. Cass he paid an eloquent tribute to the gallant hero of the Whig host, Gen. Taylor.

On Wednesday evening Dr. Henry, the Whig Elector for the Sangamon District, and Hon. A. Lincoln, addressed a numerous assemblage of our citizens from all parts of the county. Dr. H. took up the same subjects that were discussed by Mr. Knowlton; and upon them made a speech of much force and power. Mr. Lincoln followed him, with one of his most brilliant efforts. His main purpose was to show that the peace and prosperity of the country, and the limitation of slavery depended upon the election of a Whig Congress and Gen. Taylor; that the Old Hero, whose defeat to whig principles, none should now doubt, had pledged himself to carry out the will of the people, through their representatives, without interposing the veto power. He declared that the contest was between Taylor and Cass—that he doubted that Van Buren would get even one State, except perhaps the little state of Wisconsin; and admonished all citizens, or Van Buren men, by the history of Texas Annexation to cast their votes for Gen. Taylor, and not indirectly for Gen. Cass, who has avowed his favor of the unlimited exercise of the veto power, and as a probably consequence if elected, to the unbounded extension of slavery, &c. He closed with the most scathing language, that "consistency" of the Abolitionists, which, while they professed great horror at the proposed extension of slave territory, they aided in the election of Mr. Polk; for which, and its disastrous consequences, they were responsible.

spouse, as they held the balance of power.

After listening about four hours to the gentleman, the audience retired, highly entertained, and instructed with the strong array of facts and illustrations presented.

Sudden Death.—Last week, a Mrs. Parsley, who (with her husband), was employed on a Canal boat lying at our landing, died so suddenly that a Coroner's inquest was held; which resulted in a verdict that she came to her death by disease produced from natural causes.

OCTOBER TRIUMPHS!

Whig Victories in every State!! We have the pleasure of laying the official vote of Pennsylvania and Ohio before our readers this week.

Both States are Whig, and elect Whig Governors.

Pennsylvania gives 357 Whig majority.

Ohio—427. Official. Florida's overwhelming Whig. Georgia is nearly tied.

Recapitulation.

Whig Governor!! Whig Legislature!! Whig U. S. Senator!!!

Whig Governor!! Whig U. S. Senator!!!

Whig Governor!! Whig U. S. Senator!!!

Whig Governor!! Whig U. S. Senator!!!

Whig Governor!! Whig U. S. Senator!!!

Whig gain of 1800!! 4 Whig Congressmen!!

A sure Whig majority for Old Zack!!!

This will do for October. November has still more glorious triumphs for the Whig party in store.

Let us add Illinois to the Whig column!—[Chicago Jour.]

Qualification of Voters.—By the new Constitution the qualification of voters has been slightly changed.

The following is the clause relating to elections:

"In all elections, every white male citizen above the age of twenty-one years, having resided in this State the year next preceding the election, shall be entitled to vote. But no such citizen or inhabitant shall be entitled to vote, except in the district or county in which he shall actually reside at the time of the election."

"No elector shall be deemed to have lost his residence in this State by reason of his absence on business of the United States, or on this State."

The approaching election will be viva voce.

The Opinion of Gov. Johnson.—The Louisville Journal says: "A letter written by Gov. Johnson just before the late election in Pennsylvania, gives us exceedingly strong confidence of that State. Gov. J. wrote, that he had been through a large number of counties in his electioneering tour, that he had everywhere taken Gen. Taylor as the text of his speeches, that he had in every county met with many persons and heard of many others who would not vote for him but would vote for Gen. Taylor; that he had not seen or heard of a solitary individual who would vote for him and not for Taylor; that he had some slight hope of being elected Governor but expected to be beaten by a very small majority; and that, unless he should be beaten by a majority of 10,000, the electoral vote of Pennsylvania for Gen. Taylor, might be relied upon with entire confidence."

JOHN QUINCY ADAMS.

The Sage of Quincy admits as plainly the traced lines of a man's character as could most men of his time. The mild firmness and elevated patriotism of John Quincy Adams, discerned in the pure and unadorned character of Zachary Taylor, as he thought, the safest qualifications of any candidate for an American's support. The voice of the revered Adams comes to us at this time, full of prophetic advice and warning.

His Grace Hallack, of New York, one of our best poets, died on Sunday week.

The public Dinners, and Supper, furnished by the Ladies of our village and vicinity, were all that the most fastidious could desire. Meetings, every thing was abundant and excellent. They received \$114,000.

Godey's Lady's Book, for November, with its usual variety of pictorial embellishments and interesting reading, is at hand. In reference to the coming year Mr Godey says, "We have the new matters in the way of our embellishments for next year, which will be made known in due time."

Graham's Magazine, for November, contains two charming steel engravings, "Edith Maurice," and "Supplication," and valuable and entertaining articles in prose and verse.

The North-Western Journal of Fiction, for November, is filled with appropriate articles, illustrating the value of that branch of medical science. Published at Chicago, at 91 a year.

The Putnam Circuit Court commences next Monday.

ARRIVAL OF THE EUROPA.

New York, October 25. The Europa sailed on the 14th, and is only 11 days between Liverpool and this city.

Provisions unchanged.—Moderate demand for wheat, and prices remain unchanged.

Flour dull, and freely offered at a decline. Considerable sales of corn. Smith O'Brien is good guilty, but recommended to mercy by the jury.

The Earl of Carlisle is dead, and Lord Morpeth has been elevated to the Peerage.

France.—Letters from Paris officially pronounce determination of proposed mediation of France and England by the Austrian Manifesto, which declares Lombardy a Venetian Kingdom, which shall constitute a part of the Austrian Empire; but extensive Constitutional and Representative Institutions shall be granted. This Manifesto makes no reference to the proposed mediation of France and England.

The Union, and Organ, French papers, say the English Ambassador had a long conference with Cavagnari, in which the English Minister expressly stated intentions, which are, that England accords with the Austrian Cabinet, in the proposed mediation of France and England, in the manner in accordance with the arrangements made in the Assembly.

France in Congress, will have but one vote out of six.

Sunday.—This Ministerial defeat was the theme of general conversation, and the opinion prevailed that the Ministry would resign on Monday, but they did not. Paris papers of Tuesday say the Ministers tendered their resignation, but Cavagnari resolved not to leave the government till the Constitution was declared and the President elected, and consequently refused to receive their resignation, declaring he would entreat the Assembly to proceed without delay to declare the Constitution, and elect a President. Accordingly the Committee on the Constitution decided that immediately after the adoption of the Constitution, the Nation shall elect a President and Assembly. The Presidential question is the prevailing subject of interest, and the general opinion is that Louis Napoleon will succeed.

Austria.—In Vienna a successful revolution broke out. The Minister Austria was murdered, and his body hung upon a lamp-post and exposed to indignities.

The Emperor and family had left Schenbrunn for Italy, and all the military. The city is entirely in the hands of the people. Republic was proclaimed, and an alliance offensive and defensive made with Hungary.

The Provisional Government issued a circular stating that all possible measures had been adopted for the defence of the Fatherland.

The Crolians have been defeated in two engagements.

Ireland.—O'Brien has been convicted, and there is no hope of royal clemency. It is confidently asserted that the sentence will be carried into execution, and that this day would close his earthly career.

McMann, another insurgent, has been tried and found guilty. He was arrested at Cork, on board an American ship. A question has been raised, whether, under the protection of the American flag, England had power to arrest him.

BLOODY TRAGEDY.—Three Men Killed and Several Wounded.—The town of Yellville, in Marion county, Arkansas, was on last Monday week the scene of one of the most frightful and disgraceful massacres that we have ever known.

We would premise, that for many years there has been waged, between the Tutts and their friends, on the one part, and the Everetts and their friends on the other, a most deadly feud.—The war between the Montagues and Capulets did not begin to equal it.

It seems that a man named Mooney, who belongs to the Everett wing, was badly beaten three or four weeks since, and that Jesse Everett and Mooney got up a kind of agreement among themselves, by which they and their adherents formed themselves into a regulating party, and had declared that the Kings, Shelt, Williams, and Hampton Tutts, must leave the county.

On Monday they all met at Yellville. Hampton Tutts has a store there and was present enough to keep out of the way. He knew that a row would be raised, and that they would, if possible, kill him. Jesse Turner, Esq., spoke there that day, and after the speaking, the two parties, armed to the teeth, said some words, and drew up in battle array—but the matter was quieted, and no outbreak took place. Towards evening, and when the people had pretty generally left for home, the fight commenced. A man by the name of Wadkins, of the Everett party, shot down Jack King. At the same time, Sim Everett fired at Sinclair, and missed him. Sinclair returned the shot, mortally wounding him. The King, brother was shot at by Bartlett Everett, the ball grazing his shoulder; he in turn shot at Everett dead in his tracks. After Sim Everett was shot, he gathered a rock, and pursued Sinclair; but finding King, who had been shot in the beginning of the fight, he turned on him and mangled his skull in a shocking manner, and expired while in the act. King lived until morning.

Wadkins was badly beaten. He was taken into custody, but made his escape that night.

It is reported that the people of Marion will unite in putting down these deeds of blood. We fear, however, that the matter is not at an end.

TROUBLE IN MEXICO.

New York, Oct. 24. A dispatch from New Orleans, the 21st, says we have just received later advices from Vera Cruz to the 21st inst.

Later advices from the city of Mexico have been received, which represent a very gloomy picture. That a revolution was impending over Herrera. Another express had arrived at Vera Cruz with dispatches which stated that the city of Tampico had proclaimed its independence of the state Tamulipuc, and proposed to seek annexation to the United States.

After advices had also been received from Juanacatlan, the thousand Indians had attacked the government of Temejapac, and two hundred of the garrison had fallen in the contest.

A later dispatch states that the revolutionary seemed had been frustrated by the action of Herrera. Troops had been called out and other precautionary measures taken.

Turbidie was imprisoned for connivance at the return and restoration of San. Gen. Bustamante was to march against Tampico with 10,000 soldiers.

New York, Oct. 25. The Herald publishes the speech of Daniel Webster, delivered at Faneuil Hall in Boston last night to a crowded audience. Mr. Choate made an introductory address and Mr. Webster followed at length on the present state of political affairs of the country. He said that the approaching election for Presidential and Congressional purposes, must produce a more decided effect than any since the prospects of business men.—If Gen. Taylor and a whig Congress are elected, the Sub Treasury will be repealed and the Tariff amended to something like that of 1842. If Gen. Cass and a democratic Congress be elected, both will be retained as they are, as alleged to Mr. Buchanan's speech, and applauded his tribute to Gen. Taylor, but what was the present state of affairs.

New York, Oct. 24. The proceedings of the French National Assembly on the 19th inst., in relation to the 42d article of the constitution, which should be amended by universal suffrage, by ballot and by an absolute majority—were decided by a majority of 62 to 130.

Louis Napoleon, in a message to the Assembly, has proposed the issue of paper money and repeal of the law which limited the authority of Napoleon from France to Italy. The modification of the article was considered certain. Cassagnac retained the office of President until he is seated.

Twenty five cases of the cholera had appeared in Edinburgh, but no proof failed.—The number in London and vicinity reported epidemically, was twenty seven.

Baltimore, Oct. 27. An arrival from Venezuela, reports a serious battle at Carola, between the Government troops and Gen. Paez's party. The Government forces were victorious, killing and taking prisoners six hundred of Paez's party.

The big Carmelite, bound from New York to Boston, capsize during a storm at sea, by which nine passengers were drowned.

That \$800,000 Loan.—We have just whispered about that a new species of trouble has come up, in connection with that outside operation of the Secretary Walker, the transfer of \$800,000 in specie, from the Sub Treasury, in exchange for the same amount of Treasury notes. The transfer of the specie, however, was presented to his employer (the party who received the specie) his own \$3000 commission which the Secretary has no mind to pay, though he does not know what reason he assigns for such reluctance. The broker publicly claims on the ground, we understand, that the operation was, as alleged by those engaged in it, a distinct sale of Treasury notes to the Secretary of the Treasury; and that he, as the agent in effecting such sale, is entitled to his commission on the sale, and on the purchase that is to be made.

A Touch of the Lip Sublime.—One of the members of the jury, said a witness Lawyer, "you are here on one of those most solemn occasions that are not often met with in the life of a man, defendant, being a stout, white-haired man, ruffled like an ancient, my client, who is a frail young fellow, and why did not the sturdiness of heaven blast him when he stepped toward her, stretched forth his arm like the forked lightning of Júpiter, and gave her a kiss on the mouth."

The Buffalo Commercial says, "that in attempting to execute a man at Niagara, C. W., recently, as the drop fell, his head was severed from his body—the one flying into the air and the other falling heavily upon the earth—presenting a horrible spectacle, even after the state of a capital execution."

Two tons of Telegraph wire have arrived at Milwaukee for the line between that city and Galena.

It is understood at Hon. Robert Smith and Hon. J. A. McClernand, are candidates for the office of U. S. Senator of Illinois.

The Ohio and Mississippi Telegraph Company have declared a dividend of 3 per cent. on the business of the company since it came into their hands.

The Chicago authorities are widening the river, so as to accommodate the increasing commerce of that city, since the opening of the canal.

DIED, in this village, on the 24th inst., of inflammation of the bowels, MARY, daughter of Anzo Wood of Champaign county, New York, aged 13 years. She was a native of this county. This young lady arrived, in company with a family emigrating to this place, on Tuesday week. While on the lake she contracted a cold, which, far from all her relatives, caused her premature death. We may use the language of Cowper, "We'll bury them but not their names," and high, such of the village dead.