RESOLUTIONS.

[No. 3.] - A Resolution to defray the Expenses of certain Chippewa Indians and Feb. 22, 1849. their Interpreter.

Resolved by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the sum of six thousand dollars be, and the same is hereby, appropriated out of any money in the treasury not otherwise appropriated, for the purpose of defraying the expenses of a certain delegation of Chippewa Indians and their interpreter, in coming to Washington city upon business of their tribe with the government of the United States, and their expenses whilst engaged in such business in the city, and on their return home; the money to be paid into the hands of the chiefs of said delegation, or to an agent to be appointed by the Secretary of War, at his option, to conduct said Indians on the way home as far as Detroit, who shall be allowed a reasonable compensation for such services out of the money appropriated as aforesaid. APPROVED, February 22, 1849.

expenses of a delegation of In-Chippewa Indians to Wash-

Appropriation for defraying the

[No. 4.] — Joint Resolution Concerning the Settlement of the Accounts of William Speiden, Purser in the Novay of the United States.

By the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the accounting officers of the treasury, under the direction of the Secretary of the Navy, be, and they are hereby, authorized to settle the accounts of William rolled. Speiden, purser in the navy of the United States, and to credit him with such portion of the amount of the provisions, clothing, small stores, and money, and such other things as belong appropriately to the custody of the pursers' department, with which he stands charged on the books of the Fourth Auditor of the Treasury, as they shall be satisfied was inevitably lost with the loss of the United States vessel Peacock, at the mouth of the Columbia River, in eighteen hundred and forty-one, and that he be fully exonerated, by such credit, from all liability on account of the provisions, clothing, small stores, money, and any other articles with which he stands charged, proved to have been lost on board said vessel.

See page 145 for this resolution correctly en-

APPROVED, February 22, 1849.

[No. 5.] - Joint Resolution for the Relief of John B. Nevitt, of Adams County, Feb. 22, 1849. Mississippi.

Resolved by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That it shall be the duty of the Commissioner of the General Land Office, within six months of General Land after the passage of this joint resolution, to cause an accurate survey survey to be

Commissioner

made of certain lands in Adams county, Miss.

And when surveyed, to notify John B. Nevitt of the number of acres vacant, and allow him or his legal representatives to enter the same at the minimum price.

to be made of certain unsurveyed lands lying in township seven and eight, of range three west, in Adams county, Mississippi, and more particularly known as a triangular slip lying between the lands granted to Joseph Bernard, and surveyed for his representatives, in the year eighteen hundred and six, on the north, and the lands, marked on the maps of the Surveyor-General's office, south of Tennessee, as Balser Shillings, and now occupied and owned by John B. Nevitt on the south; and when so surveyed, it shall be the duty of the Commissioner. as aforesaid, to notify the said John B. Nevitt of the number of acres ascertained to be vacant, and if the said Nevitt, or, in case of his death, his legal representatives, shall, within six months next succeeding such notice, offer to pay to the receiver of the Land Office of the district within which said lands lie, one dollar and twenty-five cents per acre for the same, it shall be the duty of the receiver aforesaid to accept such offer, and, on payment being made, to give a receipt therefor, as in other cases of land entries, and on the presentation of said receipt to the Commissioner of the General Land Office, he shall cause a patent to issue, as in all other cases of lands paid for.

APPROVED, February 22, 1849.

Feb. 22, 1849.

- Joint Resolution authorizing a Settlement of the Accounts of Thomas M. Howe, late Pension Agent at Pittsburg, upon equitable Principles.

Accounts T. M T. M. Howe to be settled on principles of justice and equity.

Resolved by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the proper accounting officers of the Treasury Department be, and they are hereby, authorized to settle and adjust the accounts of Thomas M. Howe, late pension agent at Pittsburg, in the State of Pennsylvania, according to the principles of equity; and to admit the vouchers without regard to strict legal rules, if to them it shall appear that said vouchers are in all other respects correct.

APPROVED, February 22, 1849.

Feb. 22, 1849.

[No. 7.] — A Joint Resolution for the Relief of H. M. Barney.

Postmaster-General, in ad-justing his acjusting his accounts, to charge H. M. Barney nothing for re-ceipts of his office during the 4th quarter of 1847.

Resolved by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the Postmaster-General, in the adjustment of the accounts of H. M. Barney, postmaster at Brimfield, Peoria county, Illinois, be required to charge Barney nothing for the receipts of his office during the quarter ending the thirty-first of December, eighteen hundred and forty-seven.

APPROVED, February 22, 1849.

Feb. 26, 1849.

[No. 8.] - Joint Resolution for the Relief of J. Melville Gilliss and

Accounting officers of the treasury, in settling the accounts of Lieut. J. M. Gil-liss, and his as-

Resolved by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the accounting officers of the treasury are hereby authorized and directed, in settling the accounts of Lieutenant J. Melville Gilliss, of the navy, for the time during which he had charge of the depot of charts at Washington, and also in settling the accounts of those officers of the navy who were sistants, to allow employed as additional assistants of Lieutenant Gilliss, for making